1/30/05



SECURITI

02019256 CUMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17A-5

50,-29-00

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: September 30, 1998 Estimated average burden

hours per response . . . 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

			22 (22 (22
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	ING <u>06/01/01</u> MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	05/31/02 MM/DD/YY
A	. REGISTRANT IDENTI	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
•	ic the		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
BALANCED SECURITY PLANNIN	NG, INC.		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF 2804 DEL PRADO BLVD., SUI	·	. Box No.)	
	(No. and Street)		
CAPE CORAL	FLORIDA		33904
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
MARIE WALSH		(239) 549-1615 (Area Code — Telephone No.)
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA	ANT whose opinion is contained	i in this Report*	
HUGHES, SNELL & CO., P.A	•		
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, r	niddle name)	
1470 ROYAL PALM SQUARE 1		FLORIDA	33919
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: \(\mathbb{Q}\) Certified Public Accountant \(\mathbb{D}\) Public Accountant \(\mathbb{D}\) Accountant not resident in \(\mathbb{D}\)	United States or any of its poss		ROCESSED AUG 0 5 2002
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	THOMSON
			FINANCIAL

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, MARIE WALSH	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement balanced Secrutty Planning, Inc.	
MAY 31 -19 2002 are true and corr	ect. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any partner, except as follows:	proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of
Sharon L. Dorsey My Commission DD069800 Expires September 23, 2006	Maul Wals C Signature
	PRESIDENT
4.	Title
Margh L. Maryly Notary Public	
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes): [XX (a) Facing page. [XX (b) Statement of Financial Condition. [XX (c) Statement of Income (Loss). [XX (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. [XX (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partner (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Clance (g) Computation of Net Capital	ims of Creditors.
 (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirement (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited States solidation. 	irements Under Rule 15c3-3. the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the ments Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exi 	st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Financial Condition	2
Statements of Operations	3
Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6 - 8
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	9 - 14

Hughes, Snell & Co., PA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors and Stockholders Balanced Security Planning, Inc. Cape Coral, Florida

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Balanced Security Planning, Inc., as of May 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Balanced Security Planning, Inc., as of May 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Statements of Financial Condition May 31, 2002 and 2001

ASSETS

001
3,347
69
3,416
290
795
9,501
-
-
3,800
7,774
7,073)
9,501
9,501

Statements of Operations Years Ended May 31, 2002 and 2001

	2002	2001
COMMISSION REVENUE	\$ 122,802	\$ 164,849
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation	1,086	1,317
Dues and subscriptions	3,839	4,833
Entertainment	792	3,448
Insurance	6,139	5,469
Office supplies	2,694	2,283
Payroll taxes	5,082	5,550
Postage	1,220	1,748
Professional fees	5,250	5,000
Rent	11,744	11,184
Retirement plan	9,964	15,357
Salaries and commissions	66,430	102,380
Software	3,750	3,435
Telephone	4,053	4,338
Utilities	597	597
	122,640	166,939
Income (Loss) from Operations	162	(2,090)
OTHER INCOME & EXPENSE		
Interest income	738	1,168
Income (Loss) before Provision for Income Taxes	900	(922)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	194	
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 706	\$ (922)

Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Years Ended May 31, 2002 and 2001

		Common Stock	Paid-In Capital	A	Accumulated Deficit	-	Total
Balances, June 1, 2000	\$	8,800	\$ 77,774	\$	(36,151)	\$	50,423
Net Loss	_				(922)	-	(922)
Balances, May 31, 2001		8,800	77,774		(37,073)		49,501
Net Loss	_	-			706	-	706
Balances, May 31, 2002	\$ _	8,800	\$ 77,774	\$	(36,367)	\$	50,207

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended May 31, 2002 and 2001

	_	2002		2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_			
Net income (loss)	\$	706	\$	(922)
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation		1,086		1,317
(Increase) decrease in commissions receivable		(266)		626
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll taxes		1,874		(194)
Decrease in retirement plan accrual		-		(193)
Increase (decrease) in accrued corporate income taxes	_	194_	_	(226)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	3,594		408
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
		(0.42)		(1.205)
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(943)	-	(1,395)
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities	-	(943)	-	(1,395)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,651		(987)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		48,347	_	49,334
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$.	50,998	\$_	48,347

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE A - NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida on May 29, 1969, to act as a broker or dealer pursuant to Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company serves clients throughout Southwest Florida.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Commissions Receivable

Commissions receivable are directly related to securities transactions and therefore there is no provision for doubtful accounts included in these statements.

Property and Equipment

The Company records its property and equipment at historical cost. Depreciation is computed primarily using accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets, resulting in an amount that is not materially different from calculations using the straight-line method.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE B - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At May 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had adjusted net capital of \$49,265 and \$48,416, respectively, which was \$24,265 and \$23,416 in excess of its required net capital of \$25,000 for 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at those dates was approximately 4.2% and 0.0%, respectively.

NOTE C - LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO THE CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

The Company has no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors.

NOTE D - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The property and equipment balances at May 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, are as follows:

	2002	2001
Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 43,435 (43,288)	\$ 42,492 (42,202)
	\$ 147	\$ 290

NOTE E - INCOME TAXES

For the years ended May 31, 2002 and 2001, the expected income tax provision that would result from applying statutory tax rates to income before income taxes differs from current expense due to permanent differences, such as penalties and the entertainment expense limitation, which are not deductible for income tax purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE E - INCOME TAXES (continued)

The Company has State net operating loss carry-forwards of \$64,247 at May 31, 2002, which expire in the years 2004 through 2007.

NOTE F - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company established a simplified employee pension (SEP) plan on January 27, 1992. A maximum contribution of 15% of eligible employees' compensation may be contributed to the plan. To be a participant in the plan, an employee must be at least 21 years old and have completed at least three years of service.

For the years ended May 31, 2002 and 2001, contributions to the plan, at a maximum rate of 15% of eligible compensation, were \$9,964 and \$15,357, respectively.

NOTE G - OFFICE RENTAL

The Company leases its office facilities under a one-year agreement that expired August 31, 2001. The lease provides for automatic one-year extensions beyond the initial lease term unless notification to terminate is received by either the Company or the landlord by July 1 of each year. The agreement provides for a current base rent of \$990 per month, subject to an annual increase of five percent if renewed.

For the years ended May 31, 2002 and 2001, rent expense was \$11,744 and \$11,184, respectively.

Minimum required future rental payments under this operating lease as of May 31, 2002 are:

May 31, 2003

\$ 2,971

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION May 31, 2002 and 2001

Supplementary Information May 31, 2002 and 2001

INDEX OF SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	9
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness and Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under Securities Exchange Act of 1934	10
Report on Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements	11
Reconciliation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	12
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	13 - 14



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on
Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities and Exchange Commission

Board of Directors and Stockholders Balanced Security Planning, Inc. Cape Coral, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Balanced Security Planning, Inc. as of and for the years ended May 31, 2002 and 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated July 15, 2002. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Pages 10-14 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness and Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under Securities Exchange Act of 1934 May 31, 2002 and 2001

	_	2002	-	2001
Total assets	\$	52,275	\$	49,501
Total liabilities	_	2,068	_	-
Net capital		50,207		49,501
Deduct non-allowable assets: Prepaid expenses and deposits Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	(795) (147) 49,265	-	(795) (290) 48,416
Haircuts on securities (computed where applicable pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(F): Other securities	_	-	_	
Net capital (A)	\$ _	49,265	\$ _	48,416
Net capital, as required	\$ _	25,000	\$ _	25,000
Aggregate indebtedness (B)	\$ _	2,068	\$ _	· -
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (B divided by A)	=	4.2%	=	0.0%



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements

Re: Balanced Security Planning, Inc.

Cape Coral, Florida

Registrant No. 59-1259258

Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Regulation 240.25c303(k), Subparagraph (1), Balanced Security Planning, Inc. was not required to maintain a "special reserve bank account" for the exclusive benefit of customers because they promptly transmit all funds received in connection with their activities as a broker/dealer, and do not otherwise hold funds or owe money to, or securities for, customers.

Reconciliation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 May 31, 2002 and 2001

		2002	2001
Net capital, per respondent's computation	\$	49,570 \$	48,415
Net Capital as Adjusted, page 10		49,265	48,416
Difference	\$	305 \$	(1)
Explanation of Difference in Computations			
Audit adjustments for Payroll tax accrual	\$	112 \$	
Corporate income tax accrual	Ψ	194	-
Financial Statement rounding adjustments		(1)	(1)
	\$	305_\$	(1)



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

<u>INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL</u> ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors and Stockholders Balanced Security Planning, Inc. Cape Coral, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Balanced Security Planning, Inc. for the year ended May 31, 2002, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Balanced Security Planning, Inc. that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11). We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13; in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 (Continued)

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluations of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at May 31, 2002 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management and the Securities Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Years Ended May 31, 2002 and 2001 And

AUDITORS' REPORT